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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/604,121		06/26/2003	Albert Kabemba	1372.39	1120
21901	7590	07/06/2004		EXAM	INER
SMITH & H 15950 BAY V			LUU, TUYET PI	HUONG PHAM	
SUITE 220	/ISTA D	KIVE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CLEARWAT	ER, FL	33760	3673		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summan	10/604,121	KABEMBA, ALBERT
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Teri P. Luu	3673
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3' after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ration. 1 reply within the statutory minimum of third in the statutory minimum of the prior will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute. Cause the application to become AF	reply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35.U.S.C. 8.133)
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice is 		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are vents of the above claim(s) is/are vents of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	vithdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Example 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to lead to the drawing(s) be held in abeyant correction is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for the a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doces. 2. Certified copies of the priority doces. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International. * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in Ap ne priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/3/03 & 10/22/03.	948) Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 6,199,234 to Srour et al. in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0108179 to Kiser and U.S. Patent No. 6,493,888 to Salvatini et al.

Srour et al. (Srour) discloses a mattress comprising a inner shell (32) and an outer shell (34). Srour fails to teach the inner shell and the outer shell being formed of visco-elastic polyurethane material. However, Srour does discloses that the inner shell (32) is formed of "foam...although other suitable materials known in the art may be used;" and the outer shell is formed of "polyurethane foam although other suitable materials known in the art may be used." Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use visco-elastic polyurethane for the inner and outer shells since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Srour also fails to teach a fluid-based cavity encapsulated by the inner shell. Kiser discloses a cushion comprising a fluid-based cavity (25) encapsulated by a shell (12, 13). Srour

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further discloses that the cushion is "used in place of a conventional cushion having internally positioned Marshall unit or coil springs." Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the inner shell and coil springs of Srour with the fluid-filled cushion of Kiser so as to provide "enhanced, adjustable support and comfort" to the infant.

Srour also fails to teach a plurality of speakers in sonic communication with the fluid-based inner cavity. Salvatini et al. discloses, at col. 4, lines 35-40, a pediatric mattress comprising a speaker (28) in sonic communication with a fluid-based cavity (4). The speaker provides percussion/vibration therapy to the patient on the sleep surface. In addition, music may be played through the speaker. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a speaker in sonic communication with the fluid-filled bladder so as to provide percussion/vibration therapy to the infant.

As concerns claim 3 and 4, Srour, as modified, fails to teach the inner shell being 2.5 inches thick and the outer shell being 4 inches thick. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the shells with the claimed thickness since applicant has not disclosed the claimed thickness solve any particle problem or is for any particular purpose, and it appears the invention would perform equally well with the thicknesses of Srour, as modified.

As concerns claim 5, an enclosure (12) encloses the outer shell. The enclosure is a vinyl coated fabric, thus, waterproof.

As concerns claim 6, the inner cavity is comprised of shock absorbing fluid, e.g, water.

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As concerns claims 7-10, the speakers are disposed below the fluid-based inner cavity. The speakers may also be a plurality of speakers positioned anywhere along the bottom of the bladder. The speakers are connected to an audio-frequency generator which may be a separate unit.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Teri Pham Luu** whose telephone number is (703) 305-7421. The examiner can be best reached Monday-Friday from 6:30 am to 2:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Heather Shackelford**, can be reached at (703) 308-2978.

Submission of your response by facsimile transmission is encouraged. Technology Center 3600's facsimile number for all official papers is (703) 872-9306. Recognizing the fact that reducing cycle time in the processing and examination of patent applications will effectively increase a patent's term, it is to your benefit to submit responses by facsimile transmission whenever permissible. Such submission will place the response directly in our examining group's hands and will eliminate Post Office processing and delivery time as well as the PTO's mail room processing and delivery time. For a complete list of correspondence not permitted by facsimile transmission, see MPEP § 502.01. In general, most responses and/or amendments not requiring a fee, as well as those requiring a fee but charging such fee to a deposit account, can be submitted by facsimile transmission. Responses requiring a fee which applicant is paying by check should not be submitted by facsimile transmission separately from the check.

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Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be directed to heather.shackelford@uspto.gov.

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed expressed waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tpl June 21, 2004

TERI PHAM LUU PRIMARY EXAMINER